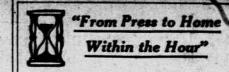
HEADQUARTER

HOME

GUARD



1917, Daily Average, 95,147; Sunday, 66,707.

No. 26,691.

SPECIAL DRAFT LIST FOR U. S. WORKERS

Full report on page 7.

Separate Registrars to Be Appointed for Men in Federal Employ Here.

ALL ALIENS MUST ENROLL 30,000.

Gen. Crowder's ruling was that "if, as matter of fact, a man maintains his rmanent home in the District of Co-mbia and there are no facts to inother place to which he has a fide intention of returning, he d register as a resident of the let of Columbia regardless of place outside the District which they consider their permanent home to which they intend to return when their employment in the District of Columbia is finished, then they should register in the place outside the District, and they may register by mail after having their cards filled out by the persons designated to perform this service by the board of Columbia.

trict of Columbia.

Bureau Heads to Designate Men.

Daniel J. Donovan, executive officer of the registration board of the District, announced that he would request the heads of the various government bureaus and departments to designate persons whom he will deputize as registrates for the non-resident clerks. This will enable every government employe who seeks registration in a place other than the District and who has there a bona fide domicile to obtain the necessary card and certification without inconvenience and loss of time. To require the clerks to make application in his office for registration cards would, in the opinion of Mr. Donovan, subject them to unnecessary inconvenience and cause a considerable loss of time to their departments.

Government Clerks affected by this

their departments.

Government clerks affected by this regulation will apply to the registrars of their departments for cards, which they must fill in and certify and mail to the county sheriff or mayor of the city, if the person registering is not a

Military Bank.

When serving with the army or navy the relative rank shall be as follows:

Hydrographic and geodetic engineers receiving \$4,000 or more shall rank with and after colonels in the army and captains in the navy.

Hydrographic and geodetic engineers receiving 34,000 or more shall rank with and after colonels in the army and captains in the navy.

Hydrographic and geodetic engineers receiving 33,000 or more but less than \$4,000 shall rank with and after lieutenstead or colonels. The legal and actual residence of a solution of the residence. Full instructions be furnished clerks who are in doubt to their status by the registrars to be offer their several departments, course in training will be given to the strars tomorrow evening at \$ o'clock shall rank with and after captains in the army and ileutenants in the navy.

Hydrographic and geodetic engineers receiving \$3,000 or more but less than \$2,000 shall rank with and after majors in the navy.

Hydrographic and geodetic engineers receiving \$3,000 or more but less than \$2,000 shall rank with and after majors in the navy.

Hydrographic and geodetic engineers receiving \$2,000 or more but less than \$2,000 shall rank with and after majors in the navy.

Hydrographic and geodetic engineers receiving \$2,000 or more but less than \$2,000 shall rank with and after majors in the navy.

Hydrographic and geodetic engineers receiving \$2,000 or more but less than \$2,000 shall rank with and after majors in the navy.

Hydrographic and geodetic engineers receiving \$2,000 or more but less than \$2,000 shall rank with and after coloned in the army and illustrations in the navy.

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Hydrographic and geodetic engineers receiving \$2,000 or more but less than \$2,000 shall rank with and after coloned in the army and illustrations in the army and illustrations in the navy.

Hydrographic and geodetic engineers receiving \$2,00

All Aliens Must Enroll.

aliens are subject to registration, n d by the registration board today Aliens who are mere sojourners in this country and who have no domicile in the ed States will register in the precinct

located June 5.

If aliens are not mere sojourners, but are actually domiciled in the United States, they must register in the places of their domicile. If they are to be absent from their domiciles on June 5 they must register in the same fashion as absentees—by mail.

they must register in the same fashion as absentees—by mail.

Seventeen hundred persons are estimated to have applied in person at the war registration information bureau, in room 5. District building, yesterday for information. Several hundred others applied for information by telephone.

Questions as to the status of aliens and government clerks who maintain voting places outside the District were the ones most frequently asked the bureau.

the ones most frequently asked the bureau.

The bureau records also show that a majority of the questioners asked whether registration means conscription. They have been informed that registration means merely the preparation of a census for conscription purposes, and that the draft will be made later,

registration means merely the preparation of a census for conscription purposes, and that the draft will be made later,

Precinct Lines.

The line of demarcation between precincts will be the center of the designated ages in Alaska, Porto Rico and Hawaii will be registered on a day not yet named, but soon to be announced by the President.

Almost every department of the District service has been called upon to assist in the preliminary registration work. For the stamping of the cards and certificates alone a force of eight men is required which already has been working three days. Plans are being made for the circulation in every home in the District of maps of the various precincts and full information as to the steps necessary for registration,

Daniel J. Garges, chairman of the committee on dissemination of information, today sent a letter to every clergyman in the city requesting that on Sunday a notice be read of the President's proclamation designating June 5 as registration day.

Secretary Redfield, in a statement issued today, in which he agreement is served by the Washington and old Dominion railway to the transfer arrangement existing between that carrier and the Capital Traction Company subjects them to unjust and discriminatory fares was set aside by the interstate commerce commission in a decision announced today.

The commission held that the Capital Traction Company is not subject to the jurisdiction of that body. The case was ordered held open for fifteen days to sive the complainants opportunity to file a request for a further hearing on the question of rates on the Washington and Old Dominion line. The rates in the present case on this line were not questioned.

Complaint Filed August 12, 1916.

The complaint was filed with the commission August 12, 1916, present between the two companies subjects residents of the various Virginia dominion and Old Dominion railway to the question of the transfer arrangement existing between the transfer arrangement existing between that the withdrawal of the t

proclamation designating June 5 as registration day.

Secretary Redfield, in a statement issued today, in which he announces that there are 289 men on the rolls of the department between the ages of twenty-one and thirty years, declares that whether or not they will be called into the service is a question to be settled later, but that "it would save embarrassment to the government if it were understood that its regular force will continue for the present and until some special demand shall arise, in the performance of their regular work."

Three Earth Shocks at Ogdensburg. OGDENSBURG, N. Y., May 22.—Three distinct earth shocks were felt in this vicinity at 4 a.m. today. Persons were roused from sleep by the shaking of their houses, but no damage has been

Denmark Has Lost 150 Ships. LONDON, May 22.—A Copenhagen dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company says that since the beginning of the war Denmark has lost 150 ships through submarines or mines. The destruction of the ships has been accompanied by the deaths of 210 Danish

German Airplane Raids Kishinev. PETROGRAD, via London, May 22.— German airplane has dropped bombs of the railroad station at Kishinev, spital of the province of Bessarsbia. soldier and two children were killed and five workmen injured.

PRESIDENT SIGNS BILL ENLARGING THE NAVY

Measure Empowers Transfer of Geodetic Survey to Army or Navy for the War.

The President today signed the bill ncreasing the personnel of the navy to 150,000 men and of the Marine Corps to

The same bill authorizes the President to transfer to the service of the Special registrars to handle the cases of thousands of government clerks who are in the non-resident class will be named to assist in the recording of all persons in the District of Columbia subject to the conscription act.

This plan was decided on today following a ruling by Provost Marshal General Crowder, and is designed to facilitate registration of this class of persons who are of military age as designated in the President's proclamation.

Given Military Status.

The measure provides that the per sonnel of the survey, who may be trans ferred to the army or navy, shall have proper military status and shall be subject to the laws and regulations of the

ject to the laws and regulations of the army or navy.

The President is authorized to appoint the field officers of the survey, who are now officially designated assistants and aids as follows: Officers now designated assistants and receiving a salary of \$2,000 or more shall be appointed junior hydrographic and geodetic engineers; officers now designated assistants and receiving a salary of \$1,200 shall be appointed junior hydrographic and geodetic engineers; officers now designated aids shall be appointed aids.

"No person admitted free must pay 5 cents. A tax of 1 cent on each ticket sold to a child under twelve years old, unless the maximum admission fee to the amusement place is 5 cents, would be cappointed junior hydrographic and geodetic engineers; officers now designated aids shall be appointed aids.

"No person admitted free must pay 5 cents. A tax of 1 cent on each ticket sold to a child under twelve years old, unless the maximum admission fee to the amusement place is 5 cents, would be considered.

Club members should pay 10 per cent of their club dues. Entertainments for the benefit of religious or charitable organizations would be exempt from tax on their cash receipts and each person admitted free must pay 5 cents.

A tax of 1 cent on each ticket sold to a child under twelve years old, unless the maximum admission fee to the amusement place is 5 cents, would be considered.

Club members should pay 10 per cent of the cash receipts and each person admitted free must pay 5 cents.

Military Bank.

And nothing in the act shall be construed to affect or after their rates pay and allowances when not assigned military duty as hereinbefore mentione. The act provides that the Secretaries of War, Navy and Commerce shall joint prescribe resultations. prescribe regulations governing to be performed by the survey

NOT SUBJECT TO I. C. C.

Complaint of Old Dominion Railway Patrons Against Local Company Is Set Aside.

jects residents of the various Virginia communities along the line of the Washington and Old Dominion railway to the payment of fares which are unjust and unreasonable and unjustly discriminatory. By an amended complaint filed August 16 last reparation was asked. In the decision the commission called attention that there is no connection between the two lines, but that the terminals of the two lines at 36th and M streets are within a few feet of each other. f each other. Prior to August 9, 1916, transfers from the Capital Traction Company were good on the Great Falls division of the Washington and Old Dominion to Cherrydale, and on the Bluemont division to Thrifton. Effective August 9, through commutation fares to Washington, 36th and M streets, were published by the Washington and Old Dominion from points on both its Bluemont and Great Falls divisions.

Commission's Ruling.

It was held by the commission that it has no power to require the restoration of the transfer arrangement previously existing between the two companies, as it has no jurisdiction over the Capital Traction Company.

Attorneys E. Hilton Jackson, James T. Sherier and R. H. Turner represented the complainants; G. Thomas Dunlop appeared for the Capital Traction Company, and Wilton J. Lambert for the Washington and Old Dominion railway. ailway.

J. W. Allison Dead.

DALLAS, Tex., May 22.—J. W. Allison, former president of the Interstate Cottonseed Crushers' Association, and a cotton man well known throughout the south, has died here from heart disease.

FIXING THE RATES IN WAR TAX BILL

Ways and Means Committee Reaches a Compromise on Second-Class Mail.

ITEMS AMENDED IN HOUSE

A compromise on the proposed secondclass mail tax so as to make it range from one and one-half cents per pound in the first parcel post zone to eight cents in the eighth zone, was agreed upon today by the House ways and means committee.

Receipts from educational entertain-ments were excluded from the proposed 10 per cent amusement tax today in the House by a vote of 114 to 1, Representative Moore of Pennsylvania opposing He insisted that it was unfair that William Jennings Bryan should receive from \$200 to \$750 a night for "educational" entertainments, while the government got nothing from them.

No other changes were made in the amusement tax section. By it all amuse-

The war stamp tax section, considered next, was amended so as to exempl building and loan associations operated for the sole benefit of their members

Auto Tax Clause Amended.

The House yesterday amended the per cent automobile tax clause so that manufacturers making less than 8 per cent profit will not have to pay this proposed tax on their gross sales. Repesentative Gillett of Massachusetts endeavored to exempt motor cycles from endeavored to exempt motor cycles from such a tax, but failed. Unsuccessful attempts were made to change the bill's provisions for 5 per cent mapufacturers' taxes on musical instruments selling for more than \$10 each, jewelry, yachts, sporting goods, perfumery, tollet articles, "patent medicines," etc. The House amended the bill under this section so as to levy a tax on all these articles purchased since April 6, 1917, and in the hands of retailers when the bill goes into effect.

Immediate Effect Expected.

Under this provision, the effect on retail prices will be immediate, it is expected. One amendment to the amusement section written into the bill would put a ten-dollar annual tax on theater boxes. It is aimed particularly at grand opera box holders.

CLUB PROVIDED FOR ARMY OFFICERS TRAINING HERE

Mrs. Albert Covington Janin Donates Property and Red Cross Is to Furnish It.

Chapter of the Red Cross the men in the officers' reserve camp at Fort Myer are to have a clubhouse in Wash-

Mrs. Albert Covington Janin, president of the Colonial Dames, donated to the District Chapter of the Red Cross the use of the building 930 16th street northwest, the old home of the Uni-

This is to be fitted up with a writing oom, a reading room, where maga-ines and some books will be provided, and a canteen in charge of a chef, where soft drinks, coffee and sand-

and a canteen in charge of a char, where soft drinks, coffee and sandwiches will be served.

Miss Mabel T. Boardman, chairman of the Woman's Volunteer Aid, and Maj. Gen. Carroll A. Devol, chairman of the military relief, are in charge of committees which are fitting up this clubhouse for those attending the camp. It will be maintained by the District chapter.

The comforts committee, under the leadership of Mrs. Randall Hagner, in uniform, visited the training camp at Fort Myer today and distributed comfort bags to the officers in training.

Miss Boardman accompanied the committee. They were taken to the camp by the woman's motor service, also in costume, of which Mrs. J. Borden Harriman is chairman.

CHURCH UNION NEAR.

Presbyterians at Dallas Sessions Pave Way for Patriotic Program.

Pave Way for Patriotic Program.

DALLAS, Tex., May 22.—When the 129th General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in the United States of America met today it began rushing through committee reports and other routine business to clear the decks for a patriotic program.

Many expected to receive today a resolution from the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in the United States, how in session at Birmingham, Ala., favoring a reunion of the two branches of the church, the North and the South.

orth and the South.

The northern branch of the church in assembly here, yesterday sent over-tures to the Birmingham assembly faoring a reunion.

Increases the Membership of I. C. C. The Senate today passed the bill increasing the membership of the interstate commerce commission from seven to nine members and allowing them to divide for the expediting of business. An amendment by Senator Hoke Smith providing that the commission must give a hearing and confirm freight rate An amendment by schadol providing that the commission must give a hearing and confirm freight rate increases before they can be put into

Two More Middies Get Diplomas. ANNAPOLIS, Md., May 22.—Unable to take their final examinations with their lessmates graduated March 29, two nembers of the 1917 class of the Naval

Academy were given a special examina-ion and will be awarded their diplo-mas. They are Lawrence Harvey of Pennsylvania and Gale A. Poindexter of Washington state. They total of the class to 181.

Representative Comstock Burieu.

RICHMOND. Ind., May 22.—Funeral 1 services for Representative Daniel W. Comstock, who died in Washington, were held here yesterday. A committee of twenty members of Congress, including all the Indiana delegation, attended. The services were extremely simple and were conducted by the Rev. nd a simple and were conducted by the Rev. t the J. J. Rae, pastor of the First Presby-ease, terian Church.

Grounds of American University Ob- Navy Department Officials Investi- Series of Important Negotiations on tained by War Department for

New Organization. Plans for the expansion of the engineer section of the regular army include the establishment of a camp on the grounds of the American University on Nebraska avenue near Massachuetts avenue, negotiations for the

use of which were closed by the war Department today.

That camp will be used for the organization of the new 6th Regiment of Engineers to be formed out of companies C and D of the present 1st Regiment of Engineers at Washington barracks. Col. Henry Jervey, Corps of Engineers, now on duty at the Army War College, has been assigned to the war College, has been assigned to the command of the new regiment.
Four other companies of the present 1st Regiment will be used for the organization of two other new regiments. These companies are A, B and E at Washington barracks and Company E at El Paso, Tex. F at E Paso, Tex.
Companies A and B will form the skeleton organization of the new 1st Regiment to be organized at Washington barracks, under the command of Col. Mason M. Patrick, Corps of Engineers, commanding the existing 1st Pagiment.

worth. Kan., and form the nucleus of the new 7th Regiment which will be organized at that post under the command of Lieut. Col. Meriwether L. Walker, Corps of Engineers, now attached to the 2d Regiment of Engineers at El Paso, Tex.

Lieut. Col. James F. McIndoe will command the new 2d Regiment now in Texas. Col. Thomas H. Rees will remain in command of the 3d Regiment now in the Philippines. Col. Edward ashore and reported what they had seen.

They had no more than reached shore when a third fisherman arrived, with the report that he had seen the craft a little later to the west of Seguin light. The position of the craft seen by the fishermen would fit in with her prob-

COUNT TARNOWSKI LANDS SAFELY AT ROTTERDAM

Austrian Diplomatic Party, With Germans From China, Had Uneventful Voyage.

ROTTERDAM, via London, May 22.—Count Tarnowski von Tarnow has arrived here, after an uneventful voyage, from the United States. Count Tarnowski, whose ambassadorship to Washington ended before it began, will leave for Vienna on a special train tomorrow morning. At the same time his fellow passenger, Admiral Paul von Hintze, dismissed German minister to Peking, will entrain for Berlin.

No submarines were sighted by the liner on which the German and Austrian diplomats traveled, and Count Tarnowski declared that his visit to the United States had been most enjoyable. None of the party had any complaints to make in regard to the examination of the ship by the British authorities at Halifax. A prominent Austrian from Chicago described the attitude of the British officials as most courteous.

MEXICO PROTESTS WAR OF U-BOATS, IS REPORT

AMSTERDAM, May 22, via London, 10:33 a.m.—A Berlin dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company says that the Mexican minister to Germany is reported to have handed a note to the German government protesting against the submarine campaign. The report followed a prolonged conference between the Mexican minister and Foreign Secretary Zimmermann Monday. MEXICO CITY, May 22.—It was indicated here that a thorough understanding existed among government officials that the United States had not and would not exercise pressure to force Mexico to take sides in the war.

Gen. Alvaro Obregon, who recently residence as minister of war, explained to a control of the provided that the guise of a merchantman. force Mexico to take sides in the war. Gen. Alvaro Obregon, who recently re-signed as minister of war, explained to-day the reasons which prompt Mexico to endeavor to maintain absolute neu-At a farewell dinner before his departure tomorrow for Sonora he said Mexico's self-respect called for this policy. Even if Mexico joined the war, he said, she could furnish neither men, ships, tions Mexico could not with there men, ships, tions Mexico could not with the war.

PARIS, May 22.—Some idea of the extent with the dignity of the nation to day be other were appreciated clearly, but said it did not seem to him to be compatible with the dignity of the nation to according to a semi-official note, with the dignity of the nation to according to a semi-official note, or the text that the dignity of the nation to according to a semi-official note, or the text that, while on the Verdung to the war to the decompatible with the dignity of the nation to according to a semi-official note, or the text that, while on the Verdung to the war to the dignity of the nation to according to a semi-official note, or the text that, while on the Verdung to the war to the dignity of the nation to according to a semi-official note, or the text that, while on the Verdung to the war to the dignity of the nation to according to a semi-official note, or the text that the dignity of the nation to according to a semi-official note, or the text that the dignity of the nation to according to a semi-official note, or the text that the dignity of the nation to according to a semi-official note, or the text that the dignity of the nation to according to a semi-official note, or the text that the dignity of the nation to according to a semi-official note, or the text that the dignity of the nation to according to a semi-official note, or the text that the dignity of the nation to according to a semi-official note, according to a

ARMY ENGINEERS' CAMP HEAR OF GERMAN U-BOAT RUSS WORKERS OPPOSE TO BE ESTABLISHED HERE IN NEW ENGLAND WATERS WAR PROGRAM OF ALLIES

JOINING THE HOME GUARD.

gating Report of Discovery Off the Seguin Light.

> PORTLAND, Me., May 22 .- Persistent that a German submarine was in New naval officer that new reports had been received and that an investigation was naval stations that after the sighting of a periscope a submarine was seen last night. This report was forwarded to Boston and New York, but not made fishermen told of having sighted what and when their reports were carried of newspaper men to the naval officer referred to above he admitted having received earlier and similar reports and said that they were being acted upon.

Where Submarine Was Sighted.

The supposed submarine, which ap-

They had no more than reached shore when a third fisherman arrived, with the report that he had seen the craft a little later to the west of Seguin light.

The position of the craft seen by the fishermen would fit in with her probable position if she continued in her westerly course after being sighted off Cross Island last night. Later she was seen by two members of the coast guard. One guard first saw her, and later he was joined by a second guard, and the two men watched the vessel for an hour. They had ample time to study her closely under favorable conditions, and were convinced that she was a submarine.

Previous Reports Disbelieved. Reneatedly reports of a submarine of

he northeast coast of Massachusetts outside the entrance to Portsmouth N. H., harbor and on the Maine coast have been brought in by coastwise vesseis and fishermen. In every instance official confirmation of such reports was lacking, and usually naval officers have publicly scoffed at the possibility of an enemy ship venturing into American waters, though privately several officials admitted taking these reports more seriously than their formal utter-

The naval commander of the Main district has forwarded reports of a German submarine in that vicinity, which, he said, were so far "without confirmation." Investigation is con-

BRITONS HUNTING RAIDER OFF COAST OF SCOTLAND

man.

Another Belgian relief steamship arriving reported sighting a Zeppelin, the L-30, off the Dutch coast, April 23, headed toward the British Isles. The following day the Belgian ship was

Revision of Allies' Aims Is Impending.

LONDON, May 22 .- The Petrograd orrespondent of the Daily Express gotiations is impending between Rusa revision of war aims, as outlined in the replies of the allies to President Wilson. Foreign Minister Terestchenko discussed the matter with the allied ambassadors Saturday.

The correspondent says that Russie, in her negotiations, will try to define precisely its desire for peace without precisely its desire for peace without annexations or contributions, and will make clear that the Russian workers, while not desiring a separate peace, cannot support the allies in their present war program. A revision of the treaties between the allies and Russia will be requested, and it is believed that the allies will call a conference to consider the whole question of Russia's future in the war.

Political circles in sympathy with Voreign Minister Milukoff and Minister of War Guchkoff view the negotiations with considerable alarm. The Petrograd correspondent of the Daily News writes in the same vein and be-

Petrograd correspondent of the Daily News writes in the same vein and believes that the coalition government will stand or fall according to the position which the allies take in the pending negotiations. He says that Minister of War Kersensky is making a great effort to restore discipline in the army and that his task will be lightened if a clearly expressed agreement is reached between Russia and the other members of the entente.

The executive committee of the council of soldier's and workmen's delegates has issued a call for a general congress on June 14 of representatives of all branches of the council throughout Russia and of the various military organizations. The congress will discuss national defense, peace conditions, land and labor problems, the projected constitutent assembly, the country's financial policy and conditions. constitutent assembly, the country's financial policy and conditions of mili-

WILL LAY A WREATH ON **ADMIRAL DEWEY'S TOMB**

Members of British Mission to Pay Naval Tribute in Company With American Officers.

Rear Admiral Sir Dudley de Chair, o behalf of the British navy, this afteroon will lay on the tomb of Admiral George Dewey a wreath bearing the following inscription:

"A tribute to the undying memory of George Dewey, admiral of the United States Navy, with the respectful homage and esteem of the British navy." Rear Admiral de Chair and Commander Lawford, both of whom knew

Admiral Dewey personally, will go to Arlington for the ceremony in company with Admiral Benson and other American naval officers. The placing of the wreath is done under instructions from the British ad-

miralty, both as a tribute to the friend-

ship between the navies of the two ship between the navies of the two countries, and to express the British navy's gratitude at the arrival of American destroyers in British waters. It also has a special significance, it was explained, because of the incident at Manila bay, when Admiral Dewey fired across the bows of the German squadron, which entered the blockaded harbor, and Admiral Chichester of the British navy indicated he would support Admiral Dewey's fleet.

President Wilson spent nearly forty-five minutes with Mr. Balfour at the British mission yesterday afternoon in a discussion of the negotiations be-

GERMANS GIVING WAY BEFORE STEADY BLOWS

Haig and Petain Apparently Have Changed Plan, and Pressure Now Is Continuous.

The German armies in France are slow ly yielding ground before the relentless pressure exercised by Gens. Haig and Petain, and the vital question is as to whether their morale can be maintained under the terrific pounding to which they are subjected day and night. Apparently the allied commanders have abandoned the policy of sudden thrusts at chosen points and are relying on a were homeless as a result of the fire in the belief that sooner or later the through, approximately, seventy-five iron German ring must either break or blocks of residence property, ranging

British and French Reports. the Associated Press.

By the Associated Press.

LONDON, May 22, 12:23 p.m.—"We made successful raids last night northeast of Epehy, and during the night east of Bullecourt, south of the Arras-Cambrai road and west of Lens," says today's war office report.
"Yesterday afternoon we destroyed a large German ammunition dump on the Arras-Cambrai road northeast of Queant. The shock of the explosion was felt at great distances behind our lines."

PARIS, May 22, noon.—Three sepa rate counter attacks by the German

man defenses was completely wiped out.

Airplane photographs taken May 1 show beautiful symmetrical zig-zags, but the latest pictures taken contain no trace of the trenches. The support line also was badly "strafed," some 6,000 yards of it now being in British hands, leaving the Germans holding the remaining 2,000 yards. The Hindenburg front line between the south end of the captured trenches and Bullecourt is in dire danger, as it is flanked on both is deady by the British.

The engagement was really made up of two attacks, one in the early morning, when seventy prisoners were taken, and the second late in the afternoon, the two netting some 150 prisoners for the day's work in this sector. The German artillery's response was very feeble and the counter barrage during the attack was particularly weak.

Berlin Reports Enemy Repulsed. BERLIN, May 22, via London, 4:30 p.m.—The repulse of British attacks near Bullecourt and Croisilles and of French attacks near Nauroy is reported in today's official statement.

TO PROTECT CONSUMER IS AIM IN FOOD CONTROL

Over Supplies When Deemed

Necessary.

Although government food experts ppose fixing maximum prices on staple ood products except to force big holders to release their supplies, protection for the consumer will be one of the first considerations of the new food control

If there is a shortage in any food If there is a shortage in any food staple and it becomes essential to lower the price, the government, it was said today, will not hesitate to take over supplies and distribute them itself. In this way officials believe more can be accomplished than by setting maximum prices beyond which sellers may not charge. If there is an abundance of food, however, they do not think it ever will become necessary to exercise the power of commandeer. the power of commandeer

Only One Remedy, at Times.

The food administration as soon as organized will start a campaign for saving in the household and hopes to cut down ordinary consumption to a considerable extent.

The government's food experts think the plan for a voluntary organization to handle the food situation will win the co-operation of the country. If it fails a bureaucratic system, they believe, will have to be instituted.

FIRE LAYS WASTE MUCH OF ATLANTA

ONE CENT.

Thousands Made Homeless by Flames That Destroy Property Worth \$3,500,000.

RELIEF WORK IS STARTED

ATLANTA, May €2.—Estimates today were that from 10,000 to 15,000 persons ammering over a wide front, yesterday and last night that swept from negro shacks to homes of influen tial citizens, in the northeastern secsecretary of the Southeastern Underwriters' Association, roughly estimated the property loss at \$3,500,000, and loss

The Germans thoroughly bombarded these new French positions and then delivered several infantry attacks, but were unable to shake the French hold and suffered considerable losses. The French have enumerated more than 1,000 unwounded prisoners taken in the fighting of the past few hours in this region.

According to an official statement, issued in London last night, British troops are now holding the entire Hindenburg line from the east of Bullecourt to Arras, with the exception of trench elements on a front of about 2,000 yards west of Bullecourt. The recent gains northwest of Bullecourt have cent gains northwest of Bullecourt have a first the first property of the first p

armory.

Real estate and insurance men Real estate and insurance men working in conjunction later estimated that 1,563 buildings had been destroyed. This was considerably under the earlier estimates. The citizens' relief committee of the Red Cross requested that churches be kept open tonight, to be used as dormitories if necessary.

A special meeting of city council was called for late this afternoon to take whatever steps necessary for relief and rehabilitation.

.Fire Started in Warehouse.

first due north and then northeast, at

of offers that were telegraphed last night.

Only one person is known to have died as a result of the fire. Mrs. Bessie Hodges died of shock after her home was destroyed. Injuries from the fire were remarkably few, police and firemen agreed, considering the magnitude of the area swept. The people fied before the flames as from an invading army and so intense was the heat that preceded the onward shooting tongues of flames that few could remain in houses until the flames reached them. Heat drove out hundreds who sought to stay and save a few more personal effects.

Here and there firebrands sailed ahead of the blaze, firing houses as far as a block ahead of the wall of fire that swept out North Jackson, street and Boulevard toward Ponce de Leon. The scene on North Jackson, itself a part of the better residence section, was duplicated in a score of other places.

Flee With Belongings.

Gradually the flames advanced northward along Jackson street. Before them came hundreds of persons. The flames grew to a roar when within a distance of a block or more. Men who had comforted their families with statements that the fire would not reach them realized at the last moment that their homes were doomed. Automobile trucks, express wagons and every conceivable vehicle from a wheelbarrow to a baby carriage, were pressed into service. Gathering what belongings they could, the people fied. Down the sidewalks rushed men carrying whatever belongings they could hurriedly collect. In the streets vehicles were crowded, bearing every sort of household furniture. In the pell-mell dash many people abandoned their belongings. Some placed (them in street cars that were stalled by falling wires. The owners did not know that the cars would stand there until the flames burned them.

Soldiers Take Charge. Gradually the flames advanced north-

Soldiers Take Charge.

Only One Remedy, at Times.

A short crop of any commodity, food experts say, will send prices up through competitive bidding, despite ordinary regulatory measures, and the only remedy, they hold, in this case is for the government to take over the product, paying the grower a good price and distributing the food where it is most needed.

European demands for food this year will take all of America's surplus. The allies, it has been stated on good authority, need one billion bushels of grain to carry them through the year will take all of America's surplus. The allies, it has been stated on good authority, need one billion bushels of grain to carry them through the year will take all of America's surplus. The allies, it has been stated on good authority, need one billion bushels of this and Canada 200,000,000 bushels of this and come in the mass spectators carried people and their most valuable belongings to other parts of the city. The soldiers and all the odds and hopes to cut down ordinary consumption to a considerable extent.

The government's food experts think the plan for a voluntary org

WASHINGTON, D. C., TUESDAY, MAY 22, 1917—TWENTY PAGES. OPPORTUNITIES FOR PATRIOTIC SERVICE.

Last night's actions on the French front confirmed French possession of the commanding high ground won in the previous night near Moronvilliers, in the Champagne.

Hold of French Unshaken.

rate counter attacks by the Germans on positions captured yesterday by the French were repulsed last night, according to an official statement issued by the French war office this morning. The number of prisoners taken by the French yesterday was 1,000.

German Lines Blotted Out.

From a Staff Correspondent of the Associated Press.

B R I T I S H HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, May 21, via London, May 22.

—So completely did the British artillery do its work before the attack between Croisilles and Bullecourt that 3,000 yards of the Hindenburg line are totally missing. This segment of the German defenses was completely wiped out.

Airplane photographs taken May 1 show beautiful symmetrical zig-zags, but the latest pictures taken contain

he attack was particularly weak.

Government Not to Hesitate to Take

Flee With Belongings.